## DALIAN F.T.Z. GREAT INDUSTRY&TRADE CO., LTD.

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# SAFETY DATA SHEET NOROX MEKP-9

### **SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION**

Product name : NOROX MEKP-9

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : DALIAN F.T.Z.GREAT INDUSTRY & TRADE CO.,LTD.

Address : 1207A HUINENG BUILDING DALIAN F.T.Z. CHINA

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Telephone : 0086-411-39552935

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Emergency telephone : 0086-411-39552935

E-mail address of person

responsible for the SDS tangaizhang@hefuchem.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Hardener

## **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200

Flammable liquids : Category 4

Organic peroxides : Type D

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 4

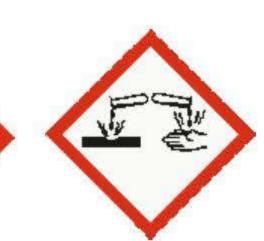
Skin corrosion : Category 1B

Serious eye damage : Category 1

Acute aquatic toxicity : Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :





Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H227 Combustible liquid.

H242 Heating may cause a fire.

H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H401 Toxic to aquatic life.

#### Precautionary Statements

#### Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

P220 Keep/Store away from clothing/ strong acids, bases, heavy metal salts and other reducing substances /combustible materials.

P234 Keep only in original container.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapors/ spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

#### Response:

P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304 + P340 + P310 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.

#### Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

P410 Protect from sunlight.

P411 + P235 Store at temperatures not exceeding < 100  $^{\circ}\text{F/}$  < 38  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ . Keep cool.

P420 Store away from other materials.

#### Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

#### Other hazards

None known.

#### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Chemical nature

Organic Peroxide Liquid mixture

#### Hazardous ingredients

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Dimethyl phthalate	131-11-3	>= 40 - < 45
2-Butanone, peroxide	1338-23-4	>= 30 - < 35
Trimethylpentanediol isobutyrate	6846-50-0	>= 20 - < 25
Butanone	78-93-3	>= 1 - < 5
Hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1	>= 1 - < 5

#### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in

attendance.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

Symptoms of poisoning may appear several hours later.

Call a physician immediately.

If inhaled : Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

Keep respiratory tract clear. Call a physician immediately.

If breathed in, move person into fresh air.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing

and shoes

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

If on skin, rinse well with water.
If on clothes, remove clothes.
If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of eye contact : Small amounts splashed into eyes can cause irreversible

tissue damage and blindness.

In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty

of water and seek medical advice.

Continue rinsing eyes during transport to hospital.

Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Keep respiratory tract clear.

Do NOT induce vomiting.
Call a physician immediately.
Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms

and effects, both acute and delayed

Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. Causes serious eye damage.

Causes severe burns.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection

and use the recommended protective clothing

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

#### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Contact with incompatible materials or exposure to temperatures exceeding SADT may result in a self-accelerating decomposition reaction with release of flammable vapors which

may auto-ignite.

The product burns violently.

Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

fire.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Further information : Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment.

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec-

essary

Use personal protective equipment.

#### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition.

Follow safe handling advice and personal protective

equipment recommendations.

Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas. Never return spills in original containers for re-use.

Treat recovered material as described in the section "Disposal

considerations".

Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Contact with incompatible substances can cause

decomposition at or below SADT.

Clear spills immediately.

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray

jet.

To clean the floor and all objects contaminated by this

material, use plenty of water.

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Isolate waste and do not reuse. Non-sparking tools should be used.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to

determine which regulations are applicable.

#### SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures

See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Use only explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from combustible

material.

Advice on safe handling

Do not swallow.

Do not breathe vapors/dust. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of aerosol.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Never return any product to the container from which it was

originally removed.

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.

Avoid confinement.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and

other ignition sources. No smoking.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the

application area.

Wash thoroughly after handling. For personal protection see section 8.

Protect from contamination.

Conditions for safe storage

Avoid impurities (e.g. rust, dust, ash), risk of decomposition. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with

the technological safety standards.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage.

Store in original container.

Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Materials to avoid : Keep away from strong acids, bases, heavy metal salts and

other reducing substances.

Recommended storage tem- : < 100 °F

perature

< 38 °C

#### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Ingredients	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Dimethyl phthalate	131-11-3	TWA	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
		TWA	5 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		TWA	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	5 mg/m3	OSHA P0
2-Butanone, peroxide	1338-23-4	С	0.2 ppm	ACGIH
11.2		С	0.2 ppm 1.5 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		С	0.7 ppm 5 mg/m3	OSHA P0
Butanone	78-93-3	TWA	200 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	300 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	200 ppm 590 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		ST	300 ppm 885 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		TWA	200 ppm 590 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	200 ppm 590 mg/m3	OSHA P0
	2	STEL	300 ppm 885 mg/m3	OSHA P0
Hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1	TWA	1 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	1 ppm 1.4 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		TWA	1 ppm 1.4 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	1 ppm 1.4 mg/m3	OSHA P0

#### Hazardous components without workplace control parameters

Ingredients	CAS-No.
Trimethylpentanediol	6846-50-0
isobutyrate	

#### Biological occupational exposure limits

Ingredients	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sam- pling time	Permissible concentra-tion	Basis
Butanone	78-93-3	methyl ethyl ketone	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	2 mg/l	ACGIH BEI

Engineering measures : Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : In the case of dust or aerosol formation use respirator with an

approved filter.

Filter type : ABEK-filter

Hand protection

Material : butyl-rubber
Break through time : >= 480 min
Glove thickness : 0.5 mm

Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending

on the concentration and quantity of the hazardous

substance and specific to place of work.

For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove Wash hands before breaks and at the

end of workday.

Eye protection : Tightly fitting safety goggles

Please wear suitable protective goggles. Also wear face

protection if there is a splash hazard.

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close

to the workstation location.

Skin and body protection : Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical

resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure

potential.

Hygiene measures : Keep away from food and drink.

When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling

the product.

#### **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance : liquid

Color : colorless

Odor : very faint

pH : Not applicable

Melting point/range : No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : Decomposition: Decomposes below the boiling point.

Flash point : > 76 °C

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Upper explosion limit : No data available

Lower explosion limit : No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : > 1

Density : 1.1 g/cm3

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility

soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

Self-Accelerating decomposi-

tion temperature (SADT)

60 °C

SADT-Self Accelerating Decomposition Temperature. Lowest

temperature at which the tested package size will undergo a

self-accelerating decomposition reaction.

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Viscosity, kinematic : not determined

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Organic peroxide

#### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

tions

Possibility of hazardous reac- : Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

Conditions to avoid Protect from contamination.

Contact with incompatible substances can cause

decomposition at or below SADT.

Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid confinement.

Incompatible materials Accelerators, strong acids and bases, heavy metals and

heavy metal salts, reducing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products

Irritant, caustic, flammable, noxious/toxic gases and vapours

can develop in the case of fire and decomposition

#### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

Product:

Acute toxicity estimate: 1,431 mg/kg Acute oral toxicity

Method: Calculation method

Acute toxicity estimate: 4.29 mg/l Acute inhalation toxicity

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Ingredients:

Dimethyl phthalate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity (Rat): > 10.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 6 h Test atmosphere: vapor

Remarks: No mortality observed at this dose.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 12,000 mg/kg

2-Butanone, peroxide:

Acute oral toxicity Acute toxicity estimate: 500 mg/kg

Method: Expert judgment

Acute inhalation toxicity Acute toxicity estimate: 1.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgment

Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

short term inhalation.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 2,500 mg/kg

Method: Expert judgment

Trimethylpentanediol isobutyrate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Expert judgment

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LCLo (Rat): > 5.30 mg/l

Exposure time: 6 h Test atmosphere: vapor Method: Expert judgment

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Guinea pig): > 18,530 mg/kg

Method: Expert judgment

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Butanone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2,193 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Hydrogen peroxide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male): 1,026 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 0.17 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

short term inhalation.

Remarks: Based on harmonised classification in EU regulation

1272/2008, Annex VI

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 6,500 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe burns.

Product:

Remarks: Extremely corrosive and destructive to tissue.

#### Ingredients:

#### Dimethyl phthalate:

Species: Rabbit Method: Draize Test Result: No skin irritation

#### 2-Butanone, peroxide:

Species: Rabbit Result: Causes burns.

#### Trimethylpentanediol isobutyrate:

Species: Guinea pig Result: Mild skin irritation

#### Butanone:

Species: Rabbit

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Result: No skin irritation

#### Hydrogen peroxide:

Result: Corrosive after 3 minutes or less of exposure

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

#### Product:

Remarks: May cause irreversible eye damage.

#### Ingredients:

#### Dimethyl phthalate:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

#### 2-Butanone, peroxide:

Result: Irreversible effects on the eye

#### Trimethylpentanediol isobutyrate:

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

#### Butanone:

Species: Rabbit Result: Eye irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

#### Hydrogen peroxide:

Result: Irreversible effects on the eye

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

#### Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

#### Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

#### Ingredients:

#### Dimethyl phthalate:

Species: Mouse

Method: OECD Test Guideline 429
Result: Does not cause skin sensitization.

#### 2-Butanone, peroxide:

Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406 Result: Does not cause skin sensitization.

Assessment: Harmful if swallowed., Harmful if inhaled.

#### Trimethylpentanediol isobutyrate:

Species: Guinea pig

Result: Does not cause skin sensitization.

#### Butanone:

Routes of exposure: Skin contact

Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406 Result: Does not cause skin sensitization.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### Ingredients:

#### Dimethyl phthalate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

: Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

: Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Chromosomal aberration

Species: Rat

Application Route: Intraperitoneal

Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

2-Butanone, peroxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

: Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

: Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Trimethylpentanediol isobutyrate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

: Test Type: Ames test Result: negative

: Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

**Butanone:** 

Genotoxicity in vitro : Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

: Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

: Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Hydrogen peroxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse Result: negative

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### Ingredients:

#### Dimethyl phthalate:

Species: Rat

Application Route: Skin contact Method: OECD Test Guideline 451

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

#### 2-Butanone, peroxide:

Remarks: This information is not available.

IARC No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed

human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential

carcinogen by OSHA.

NTP No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen

by NTP.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### Ingredients:

#### Dimethyl phthalate:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat

Application Route: oral (gavage)
Method: OECD Test Guideline 440

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEL: 840 mg/kg body weight Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: 3,570 mg/kg body weight

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

#### 2-Butanone, peroxide:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat

Application Route: oral (gavage)

General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 50 mg/kg body weight

Method: OECD Test Guideline 421

Result: negative

Butanone:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat

Application Route: oral (drinking water)
General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 10,000 mg/l
General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: 10,000 mg/l
Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Species: Rat

Application Route: oral (drinking water)
General Toxicity Parent: LOAEL: 20,000 mg/l

Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Species: Rat

Application Route: Inhalation

General Toxicity Maternal: NOAEC: ca. 1,002 mg/kg body

weight

Teratogenicity: NOAEC Parent: ca. 1,002 mg/kg body weight

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

#### STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

#### Ingredients:

#### Hydrogen peroxide:

Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

#### STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

#### Repeated dose toxicity

#### Ingredients:

#### Dimethyl phthalate:

Species: Rat NOAEL: 770 mg/kg

Application Route: Oral Exposure time: 16 w

Method: OECD Test Guideline 408

#### 2-Butanone, peroxide:

Species: Rat

NOAEL: 200 mg/kg

Application Route: oral (gavage)

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 407

Repeated dose toxicity -

: Harmful if swallowed., Harmful if inhaled.

Assessment

#### Hydrogen peroxide:

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Exposure time: 90 d

Symptoms: No adverse effects.

#### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### Ingredients:

#### Dimethyl phthalate:

No aspiration toxicity classification

#### **Further information**

Product:

Remarks: No data available

#### SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Ecotoxicity**

#### Ingredients:

Dimethyl phthalate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 39 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : LC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 52 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 260 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

: NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 11 mg/l

Exposure time: 102 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

LOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 24 mg/l

Exposure time: 102 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 9.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

LOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 23 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to microorganisms EC50: 4,100 mg/l

Exposure time: 0.5 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

2-Butanone, peroxide:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Poecilia reticulata (guppy)): 44.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

NOEC (Poecilia reticulata (guppy)): 18 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 39 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 26.7 mg/l

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 5.6

mq/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 2.1

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC50 (Bacteria): 48 mg/l Toxicity to microorganisms

Exposure time: 0.5 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Trimethylpentanediol isobutyrate:

Toxicity to fish NOEC (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): >= 6 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 1.55 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): >= 1.46 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): > 7.49 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

Toxicity to daphnia and other : LOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

**Ecotoxicology Assessment** 

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. **Butanone:** 

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 2,993 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 308 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 2,029

ma/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

: NOEC (Pseudomonas putida): 1,150 mg/l Toxicity to microorganisms

> Exposure time: 16 h Method: DIN 38 412 Part 8

Hydrogen peroxide:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 16.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : LC50 (Daphnia pulex (Water flea)): 2.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 1.38 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 0.63 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.63 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to microorganisms EC50: Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Persistence and degradability

Ingredients:

Dimethyl phthalate:

Biodegradability Result: Readily biodegradable.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E

2-Butanone, peroxide:

Biodegradability Result: Readily biodegradable.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Trimethylpentanediol isobutyrate:

Biodegradability Result: rapidly biodegradable Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Butanone:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

Hydrogen peroxide:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredients:

Dimethyl phthalate:

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 57

Method: OECD Test Guideline 305

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 1.54

2-Butanone, peroxide:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: < 0.3 (25 °C)

Trimethylpentanediol isobutyrate:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: 4.48

Butanone:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 0.3 (40 °C)

Hydrogen peroxide:

Partition coefficient: n-

: log Pow: -1.57

octanol/water

Remarks: Calculation

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

Product:

Ozone-Depletion Potential : Regulation: 40 CFR Protection of Environment; Part 82 Pro-

tection of Stratospheric Ozone - CAA Section 602 Class I

Substances

Remarks: This product neither contains, nor was manufactured with a Class I or Class II ODS as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 602 (40 CFR 82, Subpt. A, App.A + B).

Additional ecological infor- : An en

: An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

mation unprofessional handling or disposal.

Toxic to aquatic life.

#### **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with

chemical or used container.

Dispose of wastes in an approved waste disposal facility.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.

Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

#### SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number : UN 3105

Proper shipping name : ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID

(METHYL ETHYL KETONE PEROXIDE(S))

Class : 5.2

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 5.2

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 3105

Proper shipping name : Organic peroxide type D, liquid

(Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide(s))

Class : 5.2

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : Organic Peroxides, Keep Away From Heat

Packing instruction (cargo : 570

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen- : 570

ger aircraft)

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3105

Proper shipping name : ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID

(METHYL ETHYL KETONE PEROXIDE(S))

Class : 5.2

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 5.2 EmS Code : F-J, S-R Marine pollutant : no

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

#### **Domestic regulation**

49 CFR

UN/ID/NA number : UN 3105

Proper shipping name : Organic peroxide type D, liquid

(Methyl ethyl ketone peroxide(s), <=45%)

Class : 5.2

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation Labels : ORGANIC PEROXIDE

ERG Code : 145 Marine pollutant : no

#### SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know

#### **CERCLA Reportable Quantity**

Ingredients	CAS-No.	Component RQ (lbs)	Calculated product RQ (lbs)
2-Butanone, peroxide	1338-23-4	10	29
Butanone	78-93-3	5000	5000 (D035)
Butanone	78-93-3	100	100 (F005)

#### SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

Ingredients	CAS-No.	Component RQ (lbs)	Calculated product RQ (lbs)
Hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1	1000	

\*: Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Fire Hazard

Reactivity Hazard Acute Health Hazard

SARA 302 : The following components are subject to reporting levels

established by SARA Title III, Section 302:

Hydrogen peroxide 7722-84-1

SARA 313 : The following components are subject to reporting levels

established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

Dimethyl phthalate 131-11-3

#### Clean Air Act

This product neither contains, nor was manufactured with a Class I or Class II ODS as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 602 (40 CFR 82, Subpt. A, App.A + B).

The following chemical(s) are listed as HAP under the U.S. Clean Air Act, Section 12 (40 CFR 61):

Dimethyl phthalate 131-11-3

This product does not contain any chemicals listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112(r) for Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130, Subpart F).

The following chemical(s) are listed under the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 111 SOCMI Intermediate or Final VOC's (40 CFR 60.489):

Butanone 78-93-3

#### Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any Hazardous Substances listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 116.4A.

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

This product contains the following toxic pollutants listed under the U.S. Clean Water Act Section 307

Dimethyl phthalate

131-11-3

California Prop. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth, or any other reproductive defects.

#### The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL (CA) : All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL

AICS (AU) : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

NZIoC (NZ) : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

ENCS (JP) : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

ISHL (JP) : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

KECI (KR) : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

PICCS (PH) : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

IECSC (CN) : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TCSI (TW) : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA (US) : On TSCA Inventory

#### **TSCA list**

No substances are subject to a Significant New Use Rule.

No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

#### SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

#### Full text of other abbreviations

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals

in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods: IMO - International Maritime Organization: ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship: RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act: REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG -United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

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The information provided in this Material Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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